THE

SEVENTIETH

Annual Report

OF

JAMES MURRAY'S

Royal Asylum

Perth.





PERTH:

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James Qurray's Royal Asylum, Perth.

Chairman.

Lord Balvaird.

Directors Ex=Officio.

His Grace the Duke of Atholl, Lord-Lieutenant of the County.
Andrew Jameson, Esq., Sheriff of the County.

John Grahame, Esq., Sheriff-Substitute of the County.

John A. Dewar, Esq., Lord Provost of the City of Perth. James Hay, Esq., Lord Dean of Guild, Perth.

James Cuthbert, Esq., First Bailie, Perth. J. Murdoch, Esq., Convener of Trades, Perth.

J. C. Pinkerton, Esq., President of the Society of Solicitors, Perth. Rev. W. G. H. Carmichael, Minister of East Parish Church, Perth.

Life Directors.

H. C. R. Macduff-Duncan, Esq. of Linkfield.

David Mackinlay, Esq. of Cordon, Great Western Ter., Glasgow. Andrew Coates, Esq., Pitcullen House, Perth.

Lord Balvaird.

Annual Directors.

Col. Murray Graham of Murrays-Sir Robt. Pullar, Tayside. [hall. Adam Steel, Esq. of Blackpark. Col. Richardson of Ballathie.

Col. The Hon. F. J. Stuart Gray of Gray and Kinfauns.

Col. Campbell, General Prison.

Geo. Gray, Esq. of Bowerswell. Alex. Macduff, Esq. of Bonhard. Albert Butter, Esq., Union Bank, Perth.

R. W. R. Mackenzie, Esq., Stormontfield.

Jas. T. Sellar, Esq., W.S., Perth.

Committee of Management.

Lord Balvaird.
John A. Dewar, Esq.
Andrew Coates, Esq.
Adam Steel, Esq.

Col. Stuart Gray.
Col. Campbell.
Sir Robert Pullar.
Alex. Macduff, Esq.

Joint Secretaries and Treasurers.

Messrs. Mackenzie & Dickson, Solicitors, Perth.

Auditors.

Messrs. J. & R. Morison, Perth.

Asylum Staff.

Physician Superintendent.

A. R. Urquhart, M.D., F.R.C.P.E.

Assistant Medical Officer.

Keith Campbell, M.B., C.M.

Chaplain.

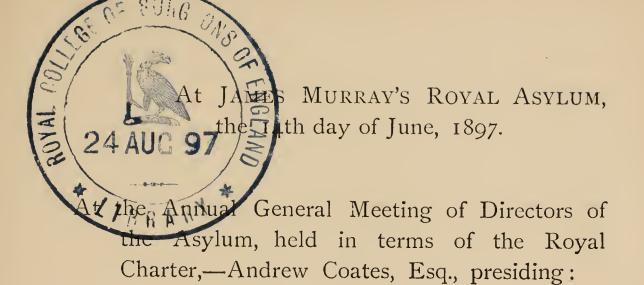
Rev. John W. Henderson, B.D.

Matrons.

Miss Thomson, at the Asylum. Miss Macfarlane, at Kincarrathie.

Chief Attendant and Storekeeper.

Mr. W. Henry.



Inter alia-

HE Annual Statement of Accounts, as prepared by the Auditors, having been printed and circulated amongst the Directors, was taken as read.

The Report of the Committee of Management was thereafter submitted by the Secretaries.

Dr. Urquhart's Report, having been circulated amongst the Directors, was taken as read.

The Report of the Commissioner in Lunacy was laid on the table.

Thereafter, on the motion of John Thomas, Esq., it was resolved—That the Reports now submitted be approved of and recorded in the Minute-Book of the Corporation; and that the same, or a suitable abstract thereof, be printed and circulated under the direction of Dr. Urquhart and the Secretaries.

On the motion of Col. Richardson, it was resolved that Lord Balvaird be re-elected Chairman of the Institution for the ensuing year, and that the following be elected Annual Directors, viz.:—

Captain Black of Balgowan.

Alex. Macduff, Esq. of Bonhard.

Albert Butter, Esq., Union Bank of Scotland, Perth.

R. W. R. Mackenzie, Esq., Stormontfield.

Jas. T. Sellar, Esq., W.S.

The List of Directors accordingly now stands as printed on page three.

Robt. Kinloch, Esq., moved, and it was unanimously agreed to, that the Meeting re-appoint Messrs. Mackenzie & Dickson as Secretaries and Treasurers of the Institution, and that the Auditors and Matron be re-elected.

Report of the Physician Superintendent for the Year ending 31st March, 1897, presented at the Annual Meeting of Directors, 14th June, 1897.

HAVE the honour to submit the Seventieth General Annual Report, together with Tables of Medical and General Statistics.

On the 1st April, 1896, there were 113 persons on the Registers of the Asylum.

Forty-five were admitted during the year, of whom 27 were men and 18 women.

Thirty-three were discharged, 19 men and 14 women.

The number of deaths was six, 3 men and 3 women.

The total number of cases under treatment was 158, and the average daily number on the books 112.

On the 31st March, 1897, there remained 65 men and 54 women—total, 119,—being an increase of 6 during the year.

At the close of the year there were 6 voluntary patients, 3 male and 3 female. Six were resident at Kincarrathie, and 4 were absent on pass.

The average rate of the admissions for the The Admissions. last thirty-two years is 26 per annum. This year 45 cases have been received, 2 more than in 1896.

Thirty-nine patients were received for the first time; 4 returned relapsed, after having been discharged recovered; 1 returned as unsuitable for private care; and I after a period of residence in another asylum. Four were transferred from other Scottish asylums. Of the 45 admissions only 6 were found free from physical diseases more or less severe, and two died within a short time after reception here in consequence of the fatal and incurable maladies under which they laboured on admission. The average age on admission was 42'3 (compared with 40'5 in 1896), and 7 were over 60 years of age (compared with 3 in 1896).

Causes of Insanity.

The causes of insanity, as discovered on admission, presented no unusual features. ascertained that 18 were hereditarily predisposed to mental derangement, while 3 belonged to families of neurotic tendencies. This, of course, is not the whole truth. It constantly happens that misrepresentations, and even false statements are made, so that the most careful investigations fail to elicit a trustworthy family history. In some cases the truth leaks out only after the lapse of years. I am not to maintain the cynical paradox that there can be no insanity without an insane heredity, in accordance with the ancient formula ex nihilo nihil fit, but it seems to me that such a statement would lie nearer the truth than the returns obtained in every-day practice. This has been widely recognized and fully discounted in regard to the patients of County Asylums, among whom ignorance and apathy may well be excused; but in our experience the failure is not infrequently attributable to deliberate perversion of facts. Yet, although the ostrich pushes his head well into the sand, his feathers are still endangered.

The elucidation of facts of scientific interest is of necessity slow and laborious, and it would be of much greater value were we to base our observations and deductions on unassailable returns relative to a limited range of cases, rather than publish statements from which abatement of indeterminate quantity has to be made. I am not yet, however, in a position to deal with the question on a sufficiently large scale, but am assured that heredity is not the sole factor in determining the future of an individual or of a family. Recuperative power is not always outbalanced by degenerative tendencies. Nordau has sounded an alarm which, if meant to benefit the race, has largely defeated its own object by the patent forcing of the note. He has made so much noise that the world stops its ears. degenerative influences are paramount, we should already have been nearer akin to that hairless, toothless protagonist, who is to shiver in his icehut in closest proximity to a congealed equator.

The number of curable patients admitted might Curable Cases. be stated at 24, making every allowance for possible improvement in some untoward cases. Twenty-one were indubitably in hopeless condition in this respect, owing to advanced degenerative diseases of the nervous centres. Twelve had previous attacks of insanity, and five were of such a nature that periodicity of disease had been established. Four were re-admitted for the second time, one for the third, and one for the fourth time. The usual list of physical diseases were noted as causative of, or complicating the mental malady, especially diseases of the heart and the

effects of chronic alcoholism. Sixteen alcoholic cases were admitted, which is a large number in our experience here. This arises in consequence of the inadequate state of the law, which does not permit of the proper treatment of habitual drunkards, although reams of paper and gallons of ink have been dissipated in the attempt to push our legislators beyond vague promises and languid consideration of voluminous blue-books. Deducting five voluntary patients who sought admission as habitual drunkards, and dealing with the eleven alcoholic insane patients received, it was manifest that at least four of these were alcoholic as a direct consequence of mental infirmity, one resorted to the habit in the midst of intolerable worry, leaving six who became insane by reason of vicious practices. One form of intoxicant is much the same as another from the medical point of view, and regarding the whole number of voluntary patients received we may say that all, except one, had to seek admission on account of the abuse of narcotic poisons. One, indeed, after a course of chloral and other drugs, established a record recovery after a dose of sulphonal, which he swallowed to the amount of 250 grains on the top of one ounce of chlorodyne, with the result that he slept from a Monday till a Thursday.

Former Residences of Admissions. Those admitted came from the following localities:—Two from Perth, 6 from the County of Perth, 4 from Edinburgh, 10 from Glasgow, 3 from Dundee, 6 from Fife, 12 from other parts of Scotland, 1 from England, and 1 from Tasmania. No application from the City or County of Perth

was refused. As in former years due consideration was shown to indigent patients of the class and from the locality prescribed by the Charter of Incorporation, but four such applications from other parts of the country could not be entertained.

The general Recovery Rate of the Asylum The Recoveries. during the years 1865-1896 inclusive is 34'12. This year it is 44'44 on the total number of admissions—47 for men and 29 for women. Altogether 20 patients left the Institution restored to health. If the figures representing manifestly incurable patients be eliminated, and the recoveries are calculated only on those admissions reasonably regarded as curable, the recoveries would stand at 83 per cent. This calculation is, however, irrespective of two cases known to have relapsed into mental disorder since discharge.

There is some difficulty in classifying these results year by year, for, while certain cases soon relapse, others are discharged from our registers as relieved, and complete recovery after residence elsewhere. If by "recovery" we understand such restoration of mental faculties as enables the person to resume his duties to himself and his neighbours, we have a certain standard of comparison and estimation of results, without too curious speculation as to whether such an one is exactly the same in all respects as before the attack of insanity, or whether he attains such a level of sanity as the personal equation of the recorder may fix as necessary. It is our practice here to test these results by a period of trial, and experience has shown that absence on pass for Acts, is generally a sufficient time for the purpose. In very few cases has it seemed advisable to proceed by the somewhat cumbrous method of probation, under which patients may be absent on trial even for twelve months. It is to be regretted that no statistics are available to show how far these procedures are relatively used and are relatively successful.

Transfers

Of those discharged unrecovered, one was transferred to another Asylum in the hope of change proving beneficial, and one was returned to the Asylum of his district after a lengthened residence here. Eight were returned to their friends as capable of home life, and three were removed against advice with untoward results.

The Deaths

The percentage of deaths on the average numbers resident was 5.34, being an increase on the very low figures (3.57) for the previous year, and somewhat less than the general average of the Institution, which is 5.63. The actual number of deaths was six, as compared with four last year. Three were admitted labouring under the fatal maladies which soon and inevitably terminated in death. One patient died of degenerative disease of the nervous system, one of a clot in a vessel of the brain, one died of old-standing disease of the kidneys, two of peritonitis, and one of inflammation of the lungs complicated by fatty heart. mental condition in each of these patients was absolutely incurable, and the last referred to had been a patient here for thirty-nine years.

The average age at death was 51. Four post-

mortem examinations were made, and accurate records preserved.

The average daily numbers on the books Average during the year were—certified male patients, Resident. 56:49; female, 50:17. Voluntary male, 2:52; female, 3:11. Total, 112:30. This shows a slight increase compared with last year, and an increase of 24:69 over the average daily number since 1864, which is 87:61. The lowest number for any one day (107) occurred on 2nd July, 1896, and the highest (121) on the 11th March, 1897. This also marks the highest number of patients on any one day since the paupers left in 1864.

The year has, happily, passed without serious Accidents. accident, although the usual number of slight mishaps occurred. Throughout the summer months there was a large proportion of excited cases, especially in the female division, and the presence of one or two turbulent, mischievous patients was productive of considerable trouble.

It is often put forward as a valid reason for postponing Asylum treatment that the patient will be deteriorated by the surroundings, and it is often asserted that faulty habits are directly consequent on the morbid influences exerted by other patients. Our experience is that more patients are deteriorated by ineffective home treatment, and that personal rather than social conditions are responsible for moral degradation. A patient was admitted some time ago, a refined and gentle lady, who had the misfortune to become absolutely deaf in girlhood. During paroxysms of excitement her language has been most repulsive. It is obvious

that Asylum life could not possibly have induced such untoward results. The disgusting manners and customs of the streets assail unwilling eyes and ears, and leave their impress; and, when finer feelings are blunted and self-control is weakened, the bestial in human nature is too often in the ascendant.

Escapes.

It is practically impossible to gauge the measure of self-control conserved in mental wreckage. Two patients advanced in dementia broke their parole and left the grounds of the Institution, acting on the impulse of the moment. In our attempts to encourage normal conduct it is necessary to give the individual scope for liberty of action, and, however much such events are to be regretted, it is infinitely better that they should occur than that irksome restrictions should prevail. A third escape was entirely owing to the incredible carelessness of a relative when visiting the patient.

General Health.

The general health of the establishment has been exceptionally good. A slight epidemic of influenza, affecting a few of the patients and of the staff, occurred in the spring of this year.

Occupations and Amusements.

The occupations and amusements of the patients were conducted on the usual lines. We owe special thanks to the ladies and gentlemen who favoured us with a performance of "The Gondoliers"; to Miss Steele, Mr. Richardson, and other friends.

Twenty-seven patients were at Elie in the course of the summer months, and other excursions were made, as repeatedly recorded in these Reports.

The general management of the Institution General Presents no feature of special importance. In addition to some sanitary repairs in the South Block, additions were made at Murray House, and the Central Tower and Entrance Hall have been thoroughly overhauled.

The cost of these repairs and alterations is included in the accounts submitted herewith, but is stated separately as follows:—

Additions and Alterations at Murray House, £341 6 6
Repairs to Central Tower and Entrance Hall, 116 17 6
Sanitary Repairs, ... 10 0 0
£468 4 0

The changes in the staff have again been too The Staff. numerous, especially amongst the Attendants, ten of whom resigned with apparently no advancement in expectation. One absconded, one was discharged as incompetent and one on account of unseemly behaviour. Five Nurses resigned, either required at home or to enter general hospital work. Two were discharged for rough conduct towards a patient. Of those remaining (32) only seventeen have been in the service for more than a year, while the average length of service is just five years.

The profession of Nursing has of late arisen to a position of importance and consideration, and now engages the most serious attention. The education of Nurses has been an intrinsic department of Asylum work for many years, but it is only within comparatively recent times that scientific training has been adequately developed.

Since ladies have been moved to take up the work the condition of affairs here and elsewhere has been altogether different. At this last Examination of the Medico-Psychological Association, after Dr. Campbell's careful tuition, all the three Nurses who presented themselves for the Certificate were successful in passing. Their names are appended—Nurse Darlington, Nurse Cruickshank, and Nurse Taylor.

In the course of the year Miss Barwick resigned her appointment as Matron at Kincarrathie on promotion to the Bridgend Hospital, Glamorgan. The vacancy thus created has been filled by Miss Macfarlane, late of St. Bartholomew's Hospital, London.

At last Annual Meeting The Rev. W. D. Knowles resigned his appointment as chaplain to the Institution after thirty-two years of faithful service, and the Rev. J. W. Henderson, B.D., was appointed in his room. As this appointment was made by the Directors in courteous recognition of the expressed wishes of those attending the Asylum Chapel, it does not seem out of place to record that Mr. Henderson's endeavours to fulfil the duties of the position, not only in more formal and strictly ministerial functions, but also in social life and friendly intercourse, have been thoroughly appreciated by all.

Dr. Hay's resignation, to undertake the responsible charge of an important private Asylum in New Zealand after six years' work here, was followed by the appointment of Dr. Keith Campbell who has proved a worthy successor. Never theless, we cannot but feel that by the absence of Mr. Knowles and Dr. Hay we have lost the active

and valuable co-operation of two gentlemen who had ever the best interests of the Institution at heart.

Death has cut off a kind and constant friend, The late Mr. Miller. one who for many years was always heartily welcomed by patients and officials in his frequent informal visits to the Asylum. Mr. John M. Miller had been a Director for nearly thirty years, and had known the Institution in adversity and in prosperity. His unwearied, steadfast honesty of purpose, his clear common sense, and his earnest desire to do everything possible in the interests of the patients never failed. His time and his abilities were freely and unreservedly given to the duties he undertook so willingly, and it is not possible for me to convey in few and inadequate words our sense of the loss sustained by his untimely removal.

The accounts of the Farm show a surplus The Farm. income of £97; for the garden a deficit of a few shillings. There have been no changes in the methods of management; both afford healthy and interesting occupation for such gentlemen as can be induced to find out-door employment. The stock has been healthy throughout the year, and the quantity of milk supplied was 7969 gallons. As usual, the farm account will be found with other financial statements.

The sum received from patients' board was Financial \pounds 9460, which exceeds last year's results by \pounds 79. The average of other years, 1864 to 1896 inclusive, is £5888. The total expenditure was

£10,356; the total income, £10,897—thus leaving an excess of income of £541, compared with an excess of income of £415 last year.

The yearly income per patient was £97 5s 11d, and the yearly cost calculated on the total ex-

penditure, £92 9s 4d.

The weekly cost per patient, calculated on the whole expenditure, was £1 15s 7d. The 119 patients remaining on the register together pay £10,366 per annum, being an average board rate of £83 2s 2d.

The ordinary minimum rate of board is £60 per annum, but during the past year 35 patients were maintained at rates varying from £30 to £52, as confirmed by the Directors. The sum thus expended on charitable action amounted to £429.

The debt is being steadily reduced, £500 having been paid off at Martinmas, besides £254 to the sinking fund. The sum of £2000 has thus been dealt with in the last three years.

Retrospect.

It is now seventy years since the first Annual Meeting of Directors of this Institution, a period which has brought vast changes in the treatment of the insane. In a retrospective glance the outstanding fact is the reform which was inaugurated in 1837, when the last case of mechanical restraint was recorded in the Lincoln Asylum, and securely founded by the splendid work of Dr. Conolly at Hanwell. The ideals of Tuke at the York Retreat and of Pinel at the Bicêtre were carried to a logical conclusion in the earlier years of Her Majesty's reign. Sixty years ago the Directors had to deplore the effects of the destructive fire

which burnt the roof and upper flat of the building, just after it had been recently enlarged and rendered as "complete and comfortable as could have been desired." In the previous ten years there had been 292 admissions, one-third of whom had recovered, and one-tenth of whom had died. There were 104 patients resident, a number which was 24 in excess of the limits of safety according to Dr. Lauder Lindsay's calculation. Comfort and completeness of the arrangements were then judged by an entirely different standard, as our dispositions may be sixty years hence. It is certain that the every-day treatment of the patients at that time would now be intolerable—would be impossible. Not that Directors failed in benevolence; their reports are couched in unimpeachable language, they were actuated by the sincerest, kindliest motives. The present time compares poorly with the beginning of the century in the flow of charity in this direction, and the fundamental idea of the management was expressed in the First Annual Report as forbearance and kindliness. In 1837 the Directors recorded their "happiness in thinking how many this Institution has been the means of restoring to their country and friends;" but it is undeniable that in no department of philanthropy or medicine has greater advance been made during the period now under review, than in the practice of psychiatric medicine. Much remains to be done, we may be thankful to have attained so much, yet must be eager to reach further. I cannot, however, but place on record here that the Directors of Murray's Asylum have in my experience been ever most anxious to maintain the position of the Institution for which they are

responsible in the front rank of Hospitals for the Insane, to do all that is possible for the welfare of the patients entrusted to their charge. The scope of this endeavour is wider than a perfunctory reading of these words might suggest. Adequate methods are only practicable by adequate appliances; research must precede knowledge, and it is to be hoped that the conjoint research scheme of the Scottish Asylums, to which so many have contributed, and Murray's Asylum amongst the first, will be fruitful of useful and truly beneficent results. The welfare of the patients presupposes the welfare of the Staff. Ill-requited toil in uncongenial circumstances is never productive of good work. I am proud to acknowledge that our labours here have every reasonable encouragement, and, for myself and those associated with me, I beg to tender grateful thanks to the Directors for their kind support during this seventeenth year of service.

A. R. URQUHART.

TABLE

Showing Changes in the Population of the Asylum during the Year ending 31st March, 1897.

-						_					
							Certif	icated	Volu	ntary.	Total.
							м.	F.	M.	F.	Ĭ
	(Resident in the Asylum, Remaining on Pass,	• • •	• • •		•••	• • •	55	44	2	4	105
April,	Remaining at Elie, Remaining at Kincarrathie,		• • •		• • •	• • •	I	I	•••	•••	2
1896.			•••		•••	•••	2	4	• • •	•••	6
	(Total number on Asylum B			1	•••	···	58	49	2	4	113
		Certif	ficated	Volu	ntary.	TOTAL.					
		М.	F.	M.	F.	${ m Tc}$					
ases A	dmitted— First Admissions,	16	16	6	I	20					
	Not First Admissions,	5	I	0	0	39 6					
otal Ca	ses admitted during the year,		• • •	•			21	17	6	I	45
otal Ca	ses under care during the year,		• • •			• • •	79	66	8	5	158
		Certif	icated	Volu	ntary.	AL.					
		М.	F.	MI.	F.	Total.					
ases dis	charged and died—										
	Recovered, Relieved,	10	5 6	3	2	2 0					
	Not Improved,	3 2	I	0 I	0	4					
	· ·		3								
lotal Ca	ases Discharged and Died during the year,	0 to 0			••	• • •	17	15	5	2	39
	(Total number on Asylum Bo	ooks,					62	51	3	3	119
31st Iarch,	Remaining on Pass, Remaining at Elie,	• • •				• • •	2	2		•••	4
1897.	Remaining at Kincarrathie, Resident in the Asylum,		• • •				3 57	3 46	3	3	6 109
	Catobident in the 115yluni,		•••				37		3	3	

Officers, 5; Attendants, 17; Nurses, 17; Artisans, 16; Servants, 16.

rerage numbers on Books during the year, 56'49 50'17 2'52 3'11 112'30 bwest number resident, 2nd July, 1896, 52 51 1 3 107 ighest number resident, 11th March, 1897, 63 50 5 3 121 irsons under care during the year, 79 66 8 5 158 irsons admitted during the year, 21 17 6 1 45 irsons discharged recovered during the year, 10 5 3 2 20 ansferred from other Asylums, 3 1 0 0 4 ansferred to other Asylums, 2 0 0 2 ircentage of Recoveries on Admissions, 47'61 29'41 50'00 2'00 44'44		Certif	icated.	Volu	Total.	
west number resident, 2nd July, 1896, 52 51 1 3 107 ighest number resident, 11th March, 1897, 63 50 5 3 121 rsons under care during the year, 79 66 8 5 158 rsons admitted during the year, 21 17 6 1 45 rsons discharged recovered during the year, 10 5 3 2 20 ansferred from other Asylums, 3 1 0 0 4 ansferred to other Asylums, 2 0 0 2 rcentage of Recoveries on Admissions, 47.61 29.41 50.00 2.00 44.44		м.	F.	M	F.	To
recitage of Deaths on average numbers resident, [5 54 [5 97] 59 00 [[5 54	west number resident, 2nd July, 1896, ghest number resident, 11th March, 1897, rsons under care during the year, rsons admitted during the year, rsons discharged recovered during the year, ansferred from other Asylums, ansferred to other Asylums,	52 63 79 21 10 3 2	51 50 66 17 5 1	5 8 6 3 0	3 3 5 1 2 0	107 121 158 45 20 4

REPORTS

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS IN LUNACY

FOR THE YEAR.

REPORT BY DR. JOHN SIBBALD.

James Murray's Royal Asylum, 28th October, 1896.

THERE are at present 55 gentlemen and 50 ladies on the Register of the Asylum as certificated patients, all of whom are resident at this date and were seen during the visit to-day, except I gentleman and I lady who are absent on pass. There are 2 gentlemen and 3 ladies resident as voluntary inmates.

Since 25th February, the date of last visit, the following changes have taken place among the certificated patients:—

		М.	F.	Totals.
Admitted,		15	12	27
Discharged recovered,	• • •	6	4	10
Discharged unrecovered,	• • •	7	6	13
Dead,	• • •	3	2	5

Of the voluntary inmates I gentleman and I lady have been admitted, 2 ladies have left, and I gentleman has died.

The deaths are registered as due to general paralysis in I case, to chronic nephritis in I case, to pneumonia in 2 cases, and to peritonitis in 2 cases. *Post mortem* examinations were made in 4 cases.

The Register of Restraint and Seclusion contains 7 entries. They all refer to the use of restraint in the case of I patient for surgical reasons. There has been one case of escape, in which the patient was absent overnight before being brought back. No accident has occurred affecting any patient.

Everything that was seen during the visit tended to show that the Institution continues in a very efficient manner to serve its purpose as an Asylum for the middle and higher classes of patients.

Reference has been made in previous entries to the attention that is given in this Asylum to the employment as well as to the recreation of the patients. Forty-eight of the gentlemen and 45 of the ladies are at present induced to engage in some form of useful work. much to be commended, as it cannot fail to have a beneficial influence both on their bodily and mental health. The treatment of the patients in other respects is also well attended to.

The Institution was found everywhere in excellent order. The dining-hall has been recently decorated in a very effective manner, and efforts are made to render the accommodation everywhere as bright and cheerful as possible.

The charitable function of the Asylum in receiving patients belonging to the district at reduced rates of

board continues to be liberally performed.

The books and registers were examined and were found to be regularly and correctly kept.

> JOHN SIBBALD, Commissioner in Lunacy.

REPORT BY DR. JOHN FRASER.

JAMES MURRAY'S ROYAL ASYLUM, 11th February 1897.

THERE are 118 patients resident in the Asylum at this date. Of these 60 gentlemen and 50 ladies are certificated patients, and 5 gentlemen and 3 ladies are voluntary inmates.

The changes among the certificated patients since

last visit on 28th October, 1896, are as follows:-

			М.	, F.	Totals.
Admitted,		• • •	9	5	14
Discharged recovered,	• • •	• • •	3	2	5
Discharged unrecovered	d,	• • •	I	2	3
Died,		• • •	0	2	I

Of the voluntary inmates 4 gentlemen have been admitted and I has left.

The death is registered as due to cerebral embolism.

The Register of Restraint and Seclusion contains no

entry; there has been no accident and no escape.

The Asylum presented its usual aspect of comfort and brightness. The Entrance-Hall is at present being redecorated, and it is intended to convert it into a winter garden, the effect of which will be pleasing. accommodation at Kincarrathie is worthy of special commendation. Five ladies and 3 gentlemen at present reside there, and their surroundings and comforts are

those of persons in affluent circumstances.

The patients are liberally provided for, and their general care is characterised by great kindliness and efficiency. Many during the visit voluntarily acknowledged the kindness and liberality with which they are The history and mental condition of the patients are carefully and completely studied, and professional ability of a high standard is shown in their medical care and treatment. Lady nurses are gradually being substituted for ordinary attendants, and the influence of this change on the patients is in every respect a very beneficial one.

The books and registers were examined and were

found regularly and correctly kept.

JOHN FRASER,

Commissioner in Lunacy.

Names of Attendants and Nurses who have gained the Certificate of the Medico-Psychological Association—

> ROBERT KNIGHT. JAMES SMITH. ISABELLA SCOTT. HELEN CRAIG. Anne Darlington.

WILLIAM D. PENNYCOOK. AGNES MARY JAMIESON. JOHN BROWN. JEAN ANNE GLEGG. ANNE Low.

HARRIET TAYLOR.

1896

STATISTICAL TABLES OF THE MEDICO-PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION.

PREPARED BY DR. CAMPBELL.

(These Tables do not include Voluntary Patients)

TABLE 1
Showing the Admissions, Re-Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths during the Year ending 31st December, 1896

	м.	F.	т.	м.	F.	т.
In the Asylum, 1st January, 1896,				56	52	108
Cases Admitted—						
First Admissions,	15	16	31			
Not First Admissions,	8	I	9		 	
Total Cases Admitted,				23	17	40
Total Cases under care during the year,				7 9	69	148
Cases Discharged and Died						
Recovered,	10	6	16			
Relieved,	6	7	13		ş.	
Not Improved,	3	3	6			
Died,	3	3	6			
Total Cases Discharged and Died,				22	19	41
Remaining in the Asylum, 31st December, 1896,				57	50	107
Average resident during the year,				55.47	50.52	105.74
Persons* under care during the year, +				79	68	147
Persons admitted ,,				23	17	40
Persons recovered ,,				10	6	16
Transferred‡ to this Asylum,				2	_	2
Transferred from this Asylum,			• • •	2	2	4

^{*} Persons, i.e., separate persons, in contradistinction to "cases," which may include the same individual more than once.

[†] Total cases, minus re-admissions of patients discharged during the current year.

[‡] Patients transferred from one Asylum to another, even when re-certified, are to be regarded as transfers.

TABLE 1a

Showing (1) the Previous Attacks among Persons admitted during 1896, and (2) the Number of Times they had previously Recovered in this or any Asylum

(1) Number of Previous Attacks	Persons										
	Male	Fem	ale	Tot	al						
Have had One Attack,	3	3	3		6						
" Two Attacks,	2	C		:	2						
,, Three or more Attacks,	4	2	2		6						
(2) Number of Times Patients Recovered	In this As	ylum	In a	any As	ylum						
(2) Trumber of Times Tutions 2000 and	м. F.	Т.	M.	F.	т.						
Once,	3 0	3	I	3	4						
Twice,	2 0	2	I	0	I						
Thrice or more,	2 I	3	2	I	3						

TABLE 2

Showing the Admissions, Re-admissions, Discharges, and Deaths for the Thirty-Two Years from the 1st of January, 1865, to the 31st December, 1896

		м.	F.	т.	м.	F.	т.
Number resident, January 1st, 1865,	•••				37	34	71
Persons Admitted during the period of 32 year	ırs,	353	345	698			
Re-admissions,	• • •	72	91	163			
Total Cases Admitted,	•••				425	436	861
Total Cases under care during the 32 years,	•••				462	470	932
Cases Discharged and Died—							
Recovered,		134	160	294			
Relieved,		123	125	248			1
Not Improved,	•••	61	65	126			
Died,	•••	87	70	157	}		
Total Cases Discharged and Died,	•••				405	420	825
Remaining 31st December, 1896,	•••				57	50	107
		22000		М.	F.		т.
Average resident during the 32 years,		•		42.62	41'2	27 8	4'07
Transferred to this Asylum,	•••	• •		58	50	I	08
Transferred from this Asylum,	•••	• ·		90	77	I	67

TABLE 2a

Showing the Admissions and Recoveries of Persons* from 1st January, 1865, to 31st December, 1896 (a period of Thirty-Two Years)

History of Recoveries of Persons				onl all trans	he san y omit Perso ferred r Asyl	ting ons from
	м.	F.	т.	м.	F.	т.
Persons Admitted during 32 years,	353	345	698	324	323	647
Of whom were Discharged Recovered during the same period, being 34.67 per cent. of Persons Admitted,	116	126	242	II2 (per	I20 cent.	_
Of whom were Re-admitted Relapsed,†	24	34	58	22	31	53
Leaving Recovered Persons who have not Relapsed,	92	92	184	90	89	179
Relapsed Persons Discharged Recovered,‡	20	20	40	20	20	40
Net Recovered Persons, § being 32.0 per cent. } of Persons Admitted, }	112	112	224	IIO (per	IO9 cent.	219

^{*} Persons, i.e., separate persons, in contradistinction to "cases," which may include the same individual more than once.

Re-admission applies only to re-admission into this Asylum.

[†] i.e., Persons who have relapsed one or more times.

ti.e., After last re-admission, if relapsed more than once.

[§] i.e., Recovered persons sane at the present time so far as the Asylum statistics show.

TABLE 3:-Showing the Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths, with the mean Annual Mortality and Proportion of Recoveries per cent. of the Admissions, for each Year since the opening of the Asylum, 30th of June, 1827

	1			-
ot	mber t	T. 5.05	0.00 0.00	5.83
ercentage Deaths or	verage Number Resident	F. 4.36	$\begin{array}{c} . & 8 & 8 & 9 & . & . & . & . & . & . & . & . & .$	5.59
Perc	Avera R	M. 5.66	£ 7 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 1 8 £ 7 2 4 4 2 4 2 1 8 £ 8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	88.9
Jo	on St	T. 0.52	1.82 2.57 2.57 2.57 2.57 2.50	4.02
به	Sign		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.68 34
Percentag	Recov	45	77. 33. 33. 33. 35. 34. 44. 35. 35. 35. 35. 35. 35. 35. 35. 35. 35	23/36
	i.	M. 36.7	660 890 890 830 830 830 830 830 830 830 83	18 40.
7. m.l.	Average inumber Resident	T.	C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7 84
	Resid	3 62°3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 41.5
	Ave.	M. 73 I.	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	42.6
g 31st		T. 71	69 64 67 67 67 68 68 68 68 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69	P OF
naining	December Jeach year	F. 34	E 2 2 E 4 4 4 4 E E E E E E E E E E E E	Verage
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	- 5	T. 257	1 40 4 w0 8 w 4 w 7 0 0 1 4 w 4 w 4 w 4 w w w x 1 0 0 0 w 0	157
	Died	F. 102	1 α χ	70
-		M. M.	Q W Q W 4 H Ø V Q 4 H W D 4 H Q H W D 4 M 4 M 4 M 4 M 4 M M M M M M M M M M	6 87
	Improved	9 33	ν+0 α α ν 4 4 λ α 0 ω+ α 0 0 0 ω ω+ 4 + 4 α 0 0 + + 0 0 α ω	Z 126
	ot	15	0 0 0 1 0 4 4 W 7 0 1 0 W 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 W 1 W 0 0 0 W 1 4 1 0 1 W	9 1
	Z	T. M. 208 180		8 6
DISCHARGED	Relieved	F. T	4400400110011041000000044440VV	248
SCHA	Reli	M. F	νννανα 4 α α ω + ο ν + ο α α ω α 4 ν ο ω ο ο ν ν ω ο ω ν ο	27 12
1		T. N. 396	700 78 9980 7274 728 01 480 48 208 49 24 40	204 12
	Recovered	F. 41	wo ww440 4 wu ww0 0 wo wo wo w 4 w 1 ν γ ν σ ν γ γ ν σ ο	60 20
1	Rec	M. 55	44W44WW4WW44WW44WW40WW40WW40WW40WW40WW4	2A T
-		T. 7	21 22 42 82 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 8 2 2 8 8 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	861
,	Admitted	F. 752 L	90 7 48 7 2 9 0 E8 7 9 7 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1	126 8
	Ad	M. 7	21 2 2 2 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ACK
-		864		Vrc.
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Of each Year's Admissions Discharged and Died in 1896	Died		0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	•	н	H	1	8	3
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	图		. Z		II	12	IO	19		∞	12	ıΩ	7	c	IO	7	23	6	6	6,	9	20	6	127	17	12	12	13	13		18	17	15	12	353	Not
	Year		1827 to	1804 1865	9981	1867	1868	1869	1870	1871	1872	1873	1874	1875	1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1880	1888	1880	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1890	Tot. for 32 Years	General Totals,

TABLE 4 (contd.

			Summary o	of Tota	al Admissi	ons			
							Male	Female	Total
Percen	tage of	Case	s Recovered,	• • •	•••		34.00	42°17 20°28 18°85 14°47 4°20	38.19
	, •	,,	Relieved,	•••	•••		18.80	20.28	14.22
	,,	,,	Not Improved,		••		21.06	18.82	19.93
	,,	,,	Died,	• • •	•••	• • •	21.12	14'47	17.75
	,,	,,	Remaining,	•••	•••	•••	4.98	4.50	4.28

TABLE 5

Showing the Causes of Death, with the Ages at Death, during the Year 1896

	Ŧ	H	н	H	H	H	H	9
Totals	įr,	Н	0	0	0	I	H	3
	M	0	H	н	H	0	0	ω
tt Ö	H		:	:	:		•	
Between 75 and 80	ŢŦ,	•	:	:		:	:	
B 75	M	:	•	:	:	:	:	
n '5	Ħ		:		н		:	П
Between 70 and 75	it,				0		:	 0
B 70	M		:		н		:	 н
C 72	F					н	н	 8
Between 50 and 55	T.	•			:	н	н	 8
30 B	M				:	0	0	0
	F	н	н				:	64
Between 45 and 50	ল	H	0	•				 н
B 45	M	0	н				:	 н
- 0	E	:	:				:	 9
Between 35 and 40	Ĺ	:	<u> </u>		:	:	•	
Be 35	M		•		:		•	
G D	H	н		>			:	H-
Between 30 and 35	Ħ	0	:	0	:		:	 0
30 30	M	H		H	:		:	 н
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:
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ų.		:	•	:	Hear	:	•	
Cause of Death		m,	•	•	atty	:	vő.	:
use o		bolis	alysis		and F		phritis	Total,
ပိ		1 Em	Par	onia,	onia a	itis,	Ner	Ţ
		Cerebral Embolism,	General Paralysis,	Pneumonia,	Pneumonia and Fatty Heart,	Peritonitis,	Chronic Nephritis,	
		Ce	Ge	Pn	Pn	Pe	Ch	
		-						

TABLE 6

Showing the Length of Residence in those Discharged Recovered and in those who have Died during the Year 1896

	Len	gth o	f Reside	nce			Re	ecover	ed		Died	
							M.	F.	т.	M.	F.	Т.
Under 1 Me	onth,							•••	•••	0	I	I
I Month an	d unde	er 3 l	Months,									•••
3 Months	,,	6	,,			• •	8	3	11		• • •	***
6 ,,	,,	9	,,			•••						• • •
9 ,,	,,	I,	Year,		• • •	••	I	I	2	0	I	I
1 Year	,,	2	Years,		• • •		0	I	I	I	0	I
2 Years	, ,	3	,,			• • •	I	I	2	I	I	2
3 ,,	,,	4	,,		• • •	•••		•••	• • •		• • •	• • •
4 ,,	,,	5	,,		• • •	• • •	•••	•••		* * * *	• • •	
Over 10 Yea	ars, .	• •	•••		• • •			• • •	• • •	I	0	I
	Tota	1,	• • •	•••		•••	10	6	16	3	3	6

TABLE 7

Showing the Duration of the Disorder on Admission in the Admissions
Discharges, and Deaths, during the Year 1896

						Discl	narge	:S				
CLASS	Ad	miss	ions	Re	covei	red	Rel	emov lieved herw	d or	I	Death	ns
	м.	F.	т.	м.	F.	т.	м.	F.	т.	м.	F.	т.
FIRST CLASS First attack, and within 3 months on admission,	I	5	6	3	3	6	0	2	2		•	• • •
SECOND CLASS First attack above 3, and within 12 months on admission,	3	3	6	•••	•••	•••	Ι	2	3	I	2	3
THIRD CLASS Not first attack, and within 12 months on admission,	7	4	II	4	2	6	I	0	I	•••	•••	•••
FOURTH CLASS First attack or not, but of more than 12 months on admission,	12	5	17	3	Ι	4	7	6	13	2	I	3
FIFTH CLASS Congenital,	•••	• • •	* * *	•••	•••	•••	•••	• * •	•••	•••	•••	* * 6
Total,	23	17	40	10	6	16	9	10	19	3	3	6

TABLE 8

Showing in Quinquennial Periods the Ages of those Admitted, Recovered, and Died during the Year 1896, and of those remaining on 31st December, 1896

s u	Ţ.	 	4		17	10	13	12	10	^	∞	^	9	3	I	Η		107
Remaining	ř.) () H	7	67	9	9	9	7	2	4	4	Н	Н	H		50
Re	M.	-	т н	9	12	∞	7	.9	4	2	S	n	2	7	0	0		57
	T.		: :	:	Н	:	Ι	H	7	:	:	:	H	:	:	:		9
Deaths	Ţ,		: :	:	0	:	Н	0	61	:	:	:	0	:	:	:		m
	M		: :	:	H	:	0	ĭ	0	:	:	:	Н	:	:	:		m
pə	T.	C	1 1	2	دن	H	2	2	Н	H	:	H	:	:	:	:		91
Recovered	ĮŢ,	-	+ 1-4	н	н	0	7	0	0	0	:	0	:	:	:	:		9
R	Mf.	-	• 0	I	2	I	0	2	H	Н	:	Н	:	:	:	:		10
su	T.		. ~	0	6	4	7	4	ν.	7	:	Η	Н	:	:	:		40
Admissions	۲.,		. (, W	4	H	Н	Н	Н	Ţ	:	H	н	:	:	:		17
Ad	M.		: 0	9	ır,	n	Τ	n	4	H	:	0	0	:	:	:		23
		Ī		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:
			: :	÷	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:
		Vears	60 110	3.5	3,3	3.3	3,3	• •	3.3	3.3	, , ,	3.3	"	3.3	,,	3.3		:
		20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	9	65	20	75	80	85	90		al,
		under	,,	2.3	3.9	3.3	3.3	3.3	33	2.5	11	2.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.5		Total,
		vears and under	"	33	3.3	2.5	3.3	2.5	3.3	9.3	3.3	9.3	6 6	3.5	3.3	3.3		
		15.1	202	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	9,	65	70	75	80	85		

TABLE 9

Showing the condition as to Marriage in the Admissions, Recoveries, and Deaths during 1896, and of Patients Resident 31st December, 1896

Condition in reference to Marriage	Ad	missio	ons	Re	ecover	ed	1	Deaths	3	F	Patients Resident, Dec. 31st, 1896		
	M.	F.	т.	м.	F.	т.	M.	F.	т.	м.	F.	т.	
Single,	14	11	25	6	4	10	I	I	2	50	38	88	
Married,	8	4	12	3	2	5	2	2	4	6	4	10	
Widowed,	I	2	3	I	0	I		•••	•••	I	8	9	
Total,	23	17	40	10	6	16	3	3	6	57	50	107	

TABLE 10

Showing the Probable Causes of Insanity in the Persons admitted during the Year 1896

M., 23; F., 17; T., 40

•							P	redisp	osing	Cause	S	
	Causes						Hered	litary				reviou
					I	nsanit	y	N	eurose	es	A	Attack:
,		М.	F.	т.	М.	F.	т.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.
STRI , e, d f, d e d, e, g	ESS FROM WITHOUT— Mental Strain and Worry, Domestic Trouble, Religious Excitement,	7 2 0	2 5 1	9 7 1	2	0	2	3	0	3	I 0 0	OI
STRI I, a, b, n I, 4, a, b a, d 9 8 a	Alcoholism, Syphilis, Influenza, Congestion of Brain, Bright's Disease, Puerperal State, Amenorrhœa, Self-Abuse (Sexual), Deafness, Adolescence, Climacteric, Senility, Diarrhœa, Traumatism	7 3 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1	3 O I O O I I I I I O O O	10 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 I I O I I I	0 0 0 I 0 I	2 I I I I I I I	2 I	0 0 I	2 I I	I	O
No 1	Exciting Cause assigned,	4	3	7	2	3	5	I	0	I	2	I
Pre	DISPOSING INFLUENCES— Previous Attacks, Neurotic Inheritance, Insane Heredity,	7 7 10	3 1 6	10 8 16	3 10	3 6	6	7 	O I	8	7 1 3	3 0 3

Note.—The figures and letters in the margin, each referring to a single case, indicate combinations of causes. The former refer to persons predisposed to insanity, the latter to those who have not had a previous attack and in whom no history of heredity has been ascertained.

TABLE 11

Showing the Form of Mental Disorder on Admission in the Admissions, Recoveries, and Deaths of the Year 1896, and the Form of Mental Disorder of the Inmates, 31st December, 1896

* 96	T.	H	1 1 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	200	9	18	47	107
ning , 18								7
Remaining* st Dec., 1896	Ľ.	0	1 6 4	477	כיט	∞	17	50
Remaining* 31st Dec., 1896	M.	I	0 10 4	H 4 H	က	OI	30	57
10	Т.	:	нн :	н : :	:	H	2	9
Deaths	, Li	:	1 0 :	н : :	:	0	ı	3
I	M.	:	0 H :	° : :	:	Н	Н	3
pa	Ţ.		ν _Η ω	н а ю	i	:	I	16
Recovered	T.		000	I 0	•	:	ĭ	9
Re	M.		33 H	0 7 7	:	:	0	IO
ns	T.	:	27.4	370	I	4	9	40
Admissions	Į.		400	mm0	0	I	н	17
Ad	M.	:	1 4 2	0410	н	3	5	23
		ENCY,		: : :	÷	:	:	_
ase		EFICI	:::	: : :	:	:	:	
Form of Mental Disease		MENTAL D	::	: : : 4] : :	SANITY,	INSANITY,	:	
Form of	•	Congenital Mental Deficiency,	Mania Recent, Chronic, Recurrent,	Melancholia Recent, Chronic, Recurrent,	PERIODIC INSANITY,	DELUSIONAL INSANITY	DEMENTIA,	

* Epilepsy—M., 2

General Paralysis-M., 4

TABLE 12
Showing Occupation of Patients admitted during the
Year 1896

	\mathbf{M}_{2}	ALES			Fem.	ALES		
Mason,			•••	I	Gentlewomen,			3
Shipbuilder,				I	Captain's Daught	er,		1
Merchants,				2	Postmaster's Dau	ghter,		I
Publican,				I	Doctors' Daughte	ers,		2
Accountant,				I	Solicitor's Daugh	ter,	•••	I
Gentlemen,			•••	2	Railway Inspector	r's Dau	ghter,	I
Factor,	• • •			I	Banker's Wife,			I
Druggists,	• • •			2	Butcher's Wife,			I
Estate Manag	ger,			I	Grocer's Wife,	•••		I
Clerks,	• • •			2	Weaver's Wife,			I
Retired Farn	ner,			I	Agent's Wife,			I
Farmers,				2	Housewife,			I
Student,	• • •			I	Housekeeper,	• • •		I
Grocers,				2	Dressmaker,	• • •		Ι
Agent,		• • •	•••	I				
Secretary,			• • •	1				
Clergyman,	• • •		• • •	I				
Tota	ıl,	•••	•••	23	Total,	• • •		I'

TABLE 13
Showing Bodily Condition of Admissions

							Male	Female	Total
Good	Bodily	Condition,	•••	•••		•••	4	6	10
Fair	,,	,,	•••	•••		•••	8	`7	15
Bad	,,	,,	•••	1 • •		oph t	11	4	15
				-	Total,		23	17	40

State of the Funds of Murray's Royal Asylum, Perth, As at 31st March, 1897.

I. Asylum and Grounds, as formerly, £40,000 0 0 II. Asylum Farm, do 5,500 0 0 III. Furniture and Furnishings (Asylum and Kin-
carrathie), 3,000 0 0 IV. Physician's House and Furniture, as formerly, 2,300 0 0
V. "Seven Gables," Elie, as formerly, $1,288$ o 7 Sum, £52,088 o 7
Deduct Borrowed Money, &c., as follows:— 1. Edinburgh Life Assur. Co.—Balance of Bonds per last year's State, £9,376 10 10 Less Proportion of Rent Charge, Whitsunday and Martinmas,
1896, applicable to Capital, 254 17 3
Remains £9,121 13 7 2. Amount borrowed on Bonds, 3,000 0 0 Note.—A Bond of £500 was paid off at Martinmas, 1896.
3. Union Bank Account, overdrawn, 864 I 7 Note.—The Board due 1st April prevents any actual Overdraft on Bank
Account
Remains, £39,102 5 5 Add the following Balances:— 1. Board Arrears, to be recovered, £427 3 3 2. Patients' Outlays, do. 408 13 7
Less Cash Balance due to Treasurers, 53 9 10 782 7 0
Amount of Funds, $£39,884$ 12 5
N.B.—Amount of Funds at 31st March, 1896, was £39,088 12 9 Add as follows:— Excess of Receipts for past year, p. within Account, £541 2 5 Proportion of Rent Charge applicable to Capital as above, 254 17 3 795 19 8
As above, £39,884 12 5
Note as to Patients' Disbursements. Amount outstanding at 31st March, 1896, £360 11 9 Quarterly Outlays to 31st March, 1897, per Accounts, 1,668 16 7
Sum, £2,029 8 4 Repayments during year, p. Record Book, £1,608 17 7 Written off as irrecoverable, 11 17 2 1,620 14 9
Outstanding 31st March, 1897, as above, £408 13 7

Murray's Royal Elsylum.

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR YEAR ENDING 31St MARCH, 1897.

	REVEN	UE.					
II. III. IIIa IV. V.	Board of Patients, per Record Patients for use of Carriage, Farm Receipts,	 		•••	397 587 19 283	16140511	0 1 0 8 10
	Т	otal Rev	enu	e,	£10,782		3
	EXPENDI	TURE.					
I.	House Expenses—	·					
	Provisions,	£3,125	4	I			
	Fuel,	327	8	0			
	Lighting,	139	18	I			
	Furnishings, Fittings, &c., Amusements and Petty Ou		17	7		٠	
	lays,	129	10	10			
TT	Sum of House Expenses,		18	7			
11.	Salaries and Wages (including Retiring Allowances),	2870	τ Ο	тт			
III.	Repairs and Improvements,			5			
IV.	Rent, Taxes, and Insurance, Postages, Stationery, and			8			
	Advertising,	104	6	5			
	Rent Charges, Interest, &c.,	790	Ι	6			
VII.	Carriage Account,						
	Farm Payments,	_	_				
1A.	Garden Account,	283	15	0			
	Total Expenditure	÷, .			10,356	2	10
∠1 à	Nett Exce Id Receipts from Elie Accour	ess of Re	ven	ue,	£426	2	5 0
	Exc	ess of Re	eceip	ots,	£541	2	5

FARM ACCOUNT.

Valuation of Stocking, 3 Stock purchased during		ch, 18	96,		•••	£286	14	0
Cows,	• • •		£,72	I 7	6			
Pigs,			26	•				
Poultry,			0	10	6			
••						100	0	0
Wages, Feeding Stuffs, a	and Acco	ounts,	• • •		• • •	291	8	10
Taxes and Insurance,			• • •			01	0	3
Rent $(31\frac{1}{2} \text{ acres at } 30/-)$,		• • •		• • •	47	5	0
								—
Calca of Droduce						£735	8	1
Sales of Produce—	•		<i>C1</i>	_				
Cows and Calves,			£61					
Cattle,			27	U				
Pigs,	• • •	• • •	82	19	9			
Pork,	• • •		9	2	6			
Fowls,	• • •	• • •	19	5	4			
Milk, at 10d per ga	l.,		332	0	9			
Eggs,			2 I	15	10			
		-						
			£553	13	3		•	
Rent of Fields,	• • •	• • •	34	0	IO			
Carting for Asylum,	• • •	• • •	13	19	0			
		-	£601	13	I			
Valuation of Stocking at	31st M	arch,						
1897,	• • •		231	2	0			
71,		-				832	15	r
							*	
Bala	ance in f	avour	of Farr	n,	• • •	£97	7	0

Incorporated by



Moyal Charter.

JAMES MURRAY'S ROYAL ASYLUM, PERTH.

roundings, on the Hill of Kinnoull, in the immediate vicinity of Perth. It stands in the midst of extensive Pleasure-Grounds, surrounded by the fields of the Home Farm, and commands unrivalled views, extending over the valley of the Tay to the range of the Grampians. The central position of Perth makes it accessible from all parts of Scotland.

Being an Endowed Institution and a Chartered Corporation, under the management of a statutory Board of Directors who have no pecuniary interest in its prosperity, the profits on each year's transactions have been devoted to modernising and perfecting the original fabric of the Asylum, in order to render it an efficient Hospital, as well as a comfortable Home, for all classes of Private Patients.

The last important supplement to the resources of the Institution is the erection of two New Wings for the reception of Acute Cases. These have been fitted with every modern improvement in the means of treatment of the Insane.

The Directors have also taken on lease the beautifully situated Mansion-House of Kincarrathie, in the neighbourhood of, but distinctly separated from, the Asylum. It has now been in use for eleven years as a Convalescent Home and for Patients of the Higher Class suffering from the milder forms of mental disease. "Seven Gables," Elie, has also been purchased for the use of the Patients. The various buildings of the Establishment at Perth are connected with the National Telephone Company.

The Distinctive Features of this Institution are, that it is the only Royal Asylum in Scotland which contains no paupers; that it receives a limited number of Patients, permitting of Individualised Treatment; and that it is developed as a Central Hospital for the treatment of acute and difficult cases, with Succursal Houses for less serious cases. Special attention is devoted to the Occupations of the patients; there are ample means of Amusement; and the utmost Liberty, with due regard to safety, is accorded. Carriages are kept for the use of those Patients for whom such exercise is desirable.

No Publicity is implied in the proceedings connected with the admission of Patients, nor in the term "Royal Asylum."

The Directors have every confidence in referring the friends of those requiring treatment to the Reports of the Commissioners in Lunacy.



National Telephone Company, No. 104, Perth.

Postal and Telegraph Address—"Dr. Urquhart, Perth."

